

# Retail's realignment

**Lessons from the Chinese retail market**



# Presenter



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# About the report

**KPMG China, GS1 Hong Kong and HSBC commissioned YouGov to conduct two surveys in Hong Kong & nine mainland GBA cities**

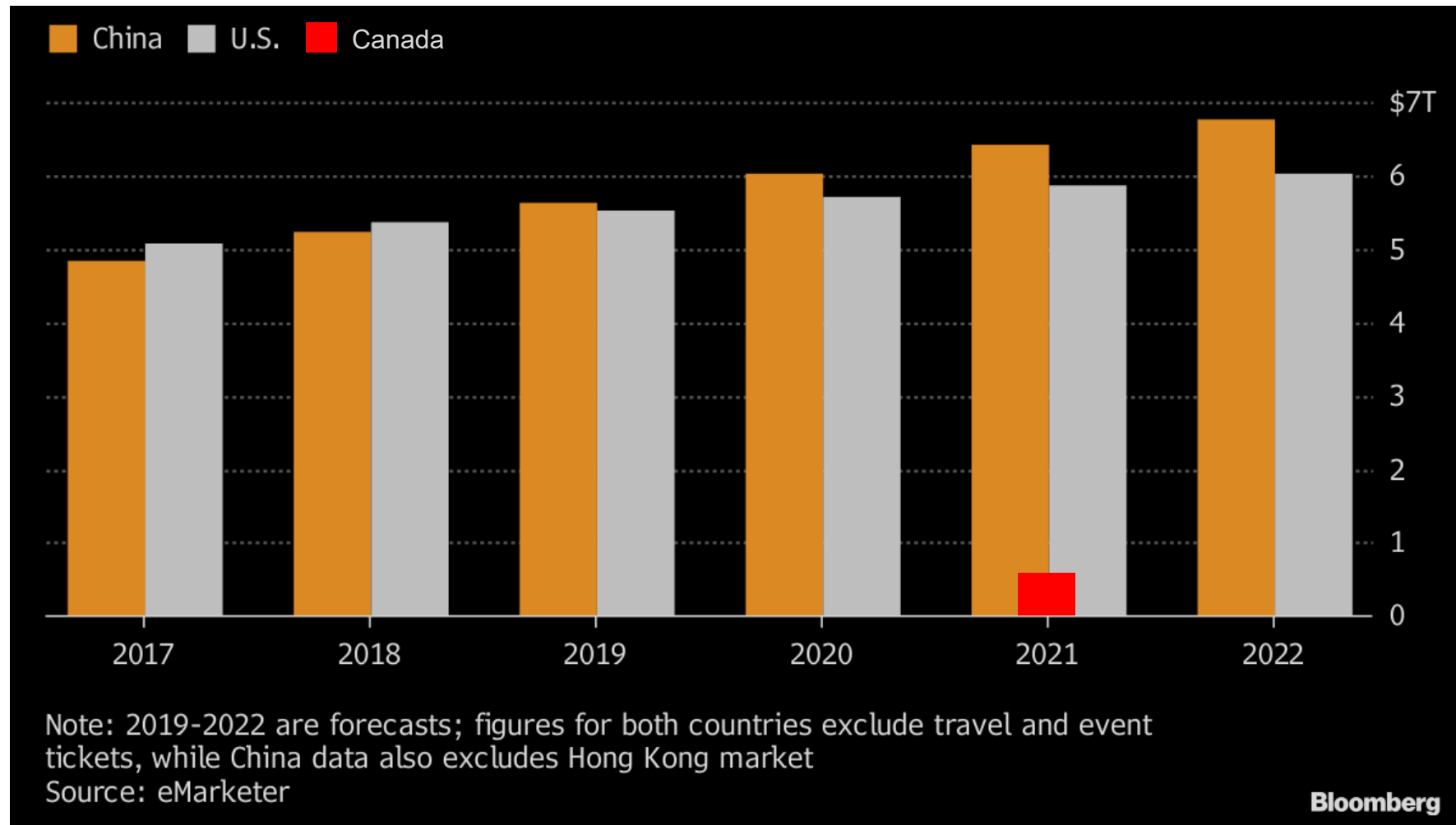
**Data based on consumers in Hong Kong and Nine Greater Bay Area cities in mainland China**

*(Dongguan, Foshan, Guangzhou, Huizhou, Jiangmen, Shenzhen, Zhaoqing, Zhongshan and Zhuhai)*

**400** top retail C-level executives in the same regions



# The Chinese retail market



# Alibaba + JD.com GMV for the 11.11 Global Shopping Festival

All values in US\$ B








2021 US Online Sales

Black Friday	\$8.9B
Cyber Monday	\$10.7B

# What can we learn?

# Retail's realignment: Online shopping continues to grow

Figure 1.1 Consumer sentiment during the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic

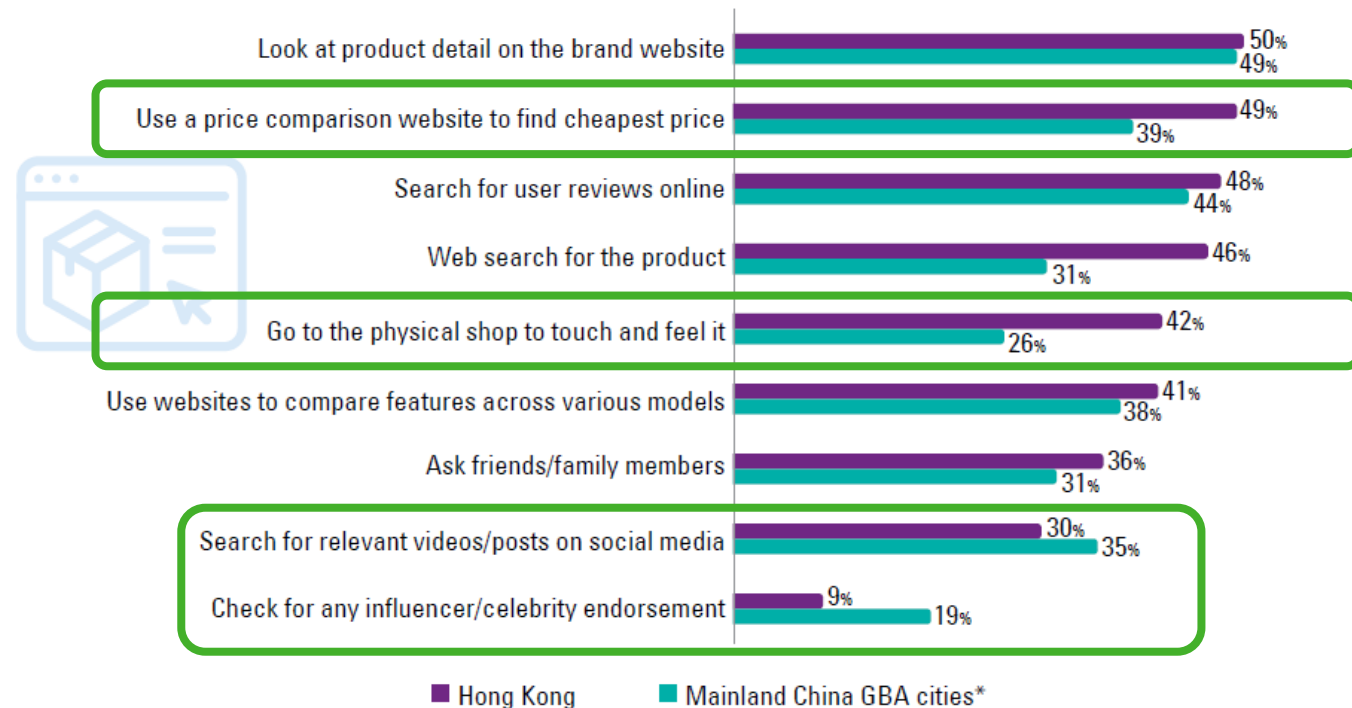
Hong Kong		Mainland China GBA cities*
68%	 More conscious about the origin of products	65%
65%	 More comfortable to use digital payments	67%
61%	 Better understand how to search for products they need on online platforms	62%
50%	 More comfortable and confident to shop online	59%
24%	 Feel they can live without physical retail shops	23%

\* Analysis of nine mainland China GBA cities: Dongguan, Foshan, Guangzhou, Huizhou, Jiangmen, Shenzhen, Zhaoqing, Zhongshan and Zhuhai  
Source: KPMG, GS1 HK and HSBC Survey Analysis



# Retail's realignment: Be prepared for product research

Figure 4.2 How consumers find product information before purchasing



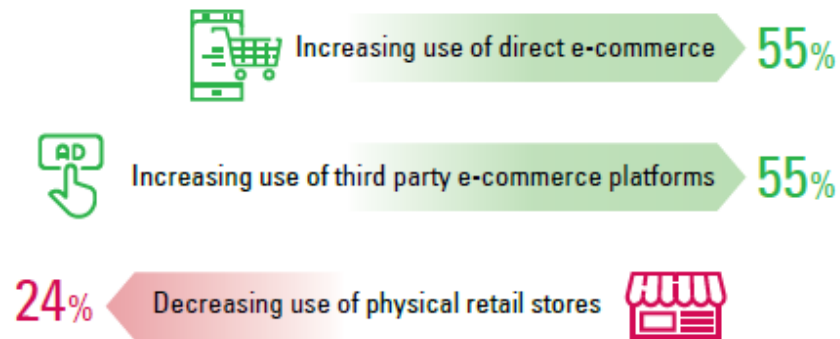
\* Analysis of nine mainland China GBA cities: Dongguan, Foshan, Guangzhou, Huizhou, Jiangmen, Shenzhen, Zhaoqing, Zhongshan and Zhuhai  
Source: KPMG, GS1 HK and HSBC Survey Analysis



# Retail's realignment: Information

**Figure 1.2 Changes in retailer use of e-commerce and physical retail channels in Hong Kong and the rest of the Greater Bay Area amid the COVID-19 pandemic**

*Percentage of retailers changing how they use online and offline channels*



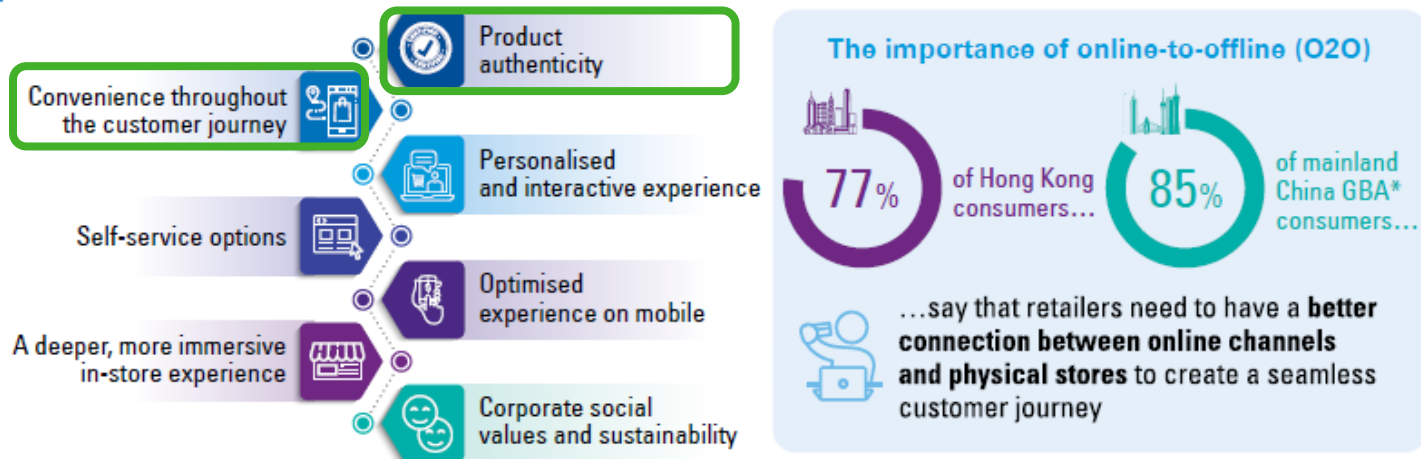
*Source: KPMG, GS1 HK and HSBC Survey Analysis*

**Top five ways retailers are adapting their supply chains during the COVID-19 pandemic:**

-  Reducing stock
-  Deploying direct e-commerce channels
-  Diversifying product offerings
-  Deferring product launches
-  Procuring from local suppliers

# Retail's realignment

Figure 2.1 Leading qualities that attract consumers to brands



\* Analysis of nine mainland China GBA cities: Dongguan, Foshan, Guangzhou, Huizhou, Jiangmen, Shenzhen, Zhaoqing, Zhongshan and Zhuhai  
Source: KPMG, GS1 HK and HSBC Survey Analysis

## Prioritising authenticity and product origin



Authenticity was the **number one** attribute attracting consumers to brands in the current environment, among consumers we surveyed.



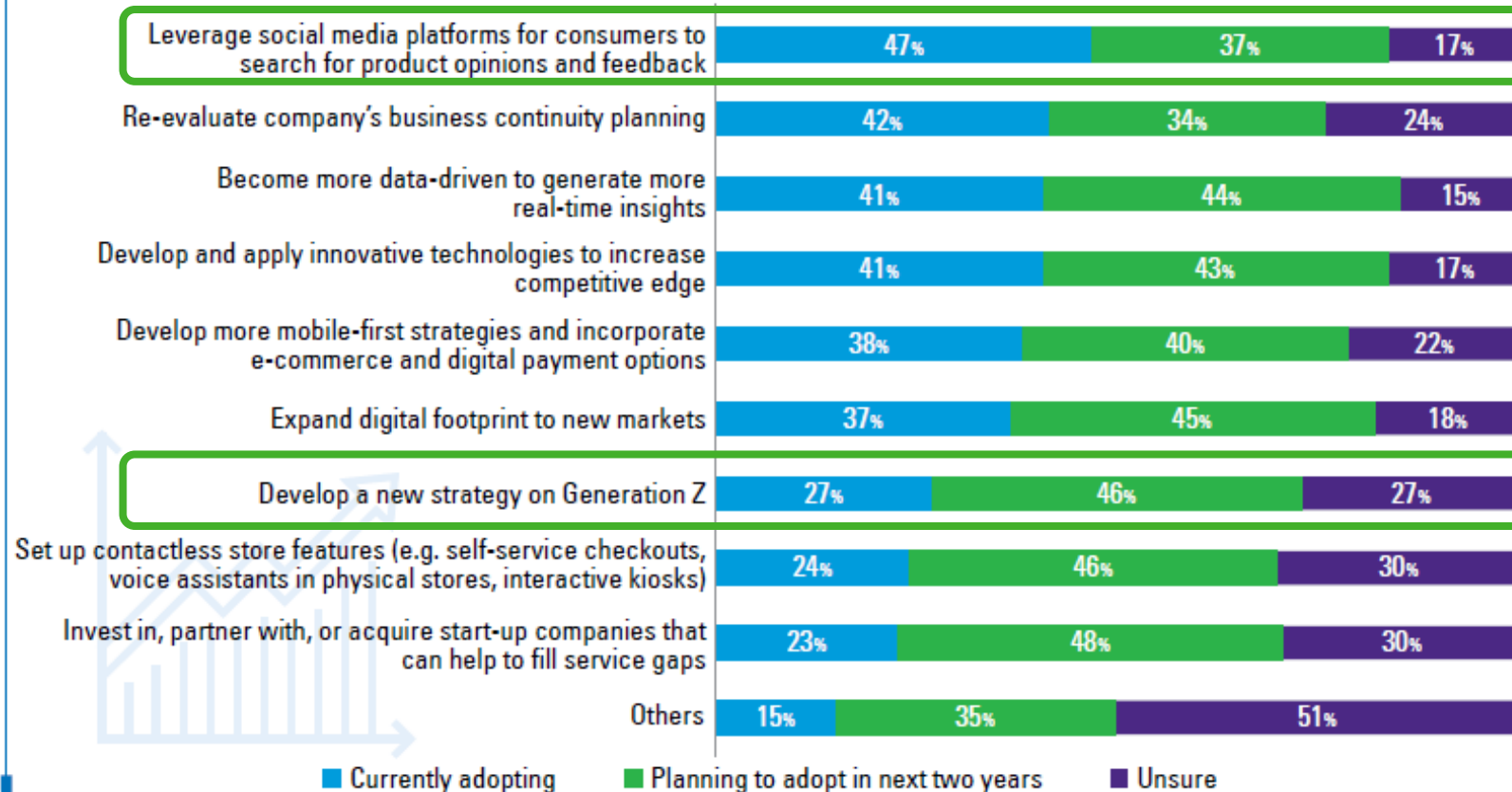
Since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic, 68 percent and 65 percent of consumers in Hong Kong and mainland China GBA cities respectively are **more conscious of product origin and authenticity**



Source: 7Fresh Markets

# Retail's realignment

**Figure 2.2 Growth strategies that retailers are currently adopting or plan to adopt in the next two years**



Source: KPMG, GS1 HK and HSBC Survey Analysis



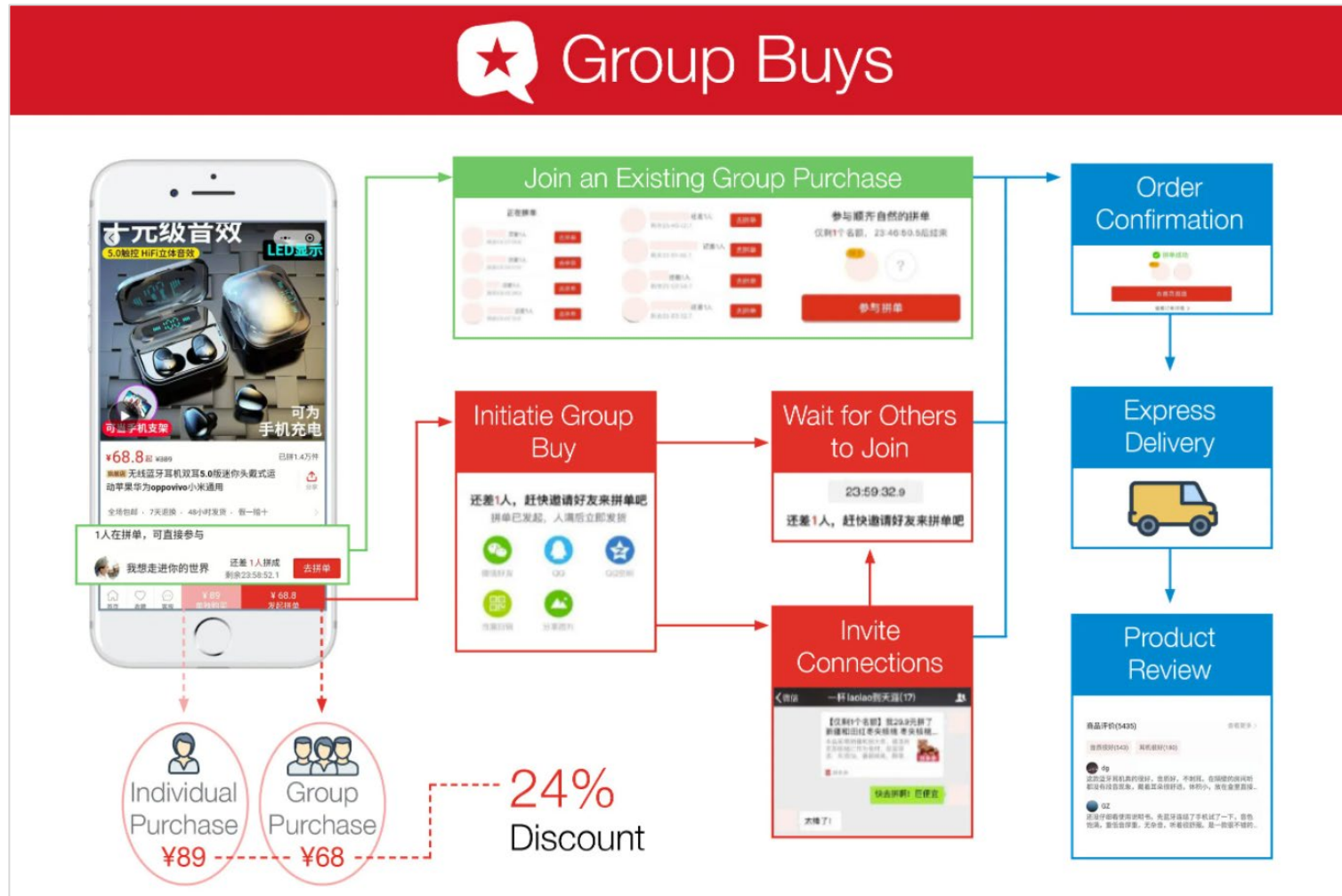
# Live streaming social commerce sales

According to *e-marketer* inaugural forecast, livestreaming social commerce sales in China will reach \$131.52 billion in 2021 and account for **37.4% of total social commerce sales** in the country.

By 2023, **60.9%** of social commerce dollars in China will come from livestreaming shopping, amounting to \$281.21 billion!



# Retail's realignment: Social commerce








Source: Pinduoduo Inc



# Retail's realignment: Live commerce



# Generation Z at the forefront of consumer expectation change

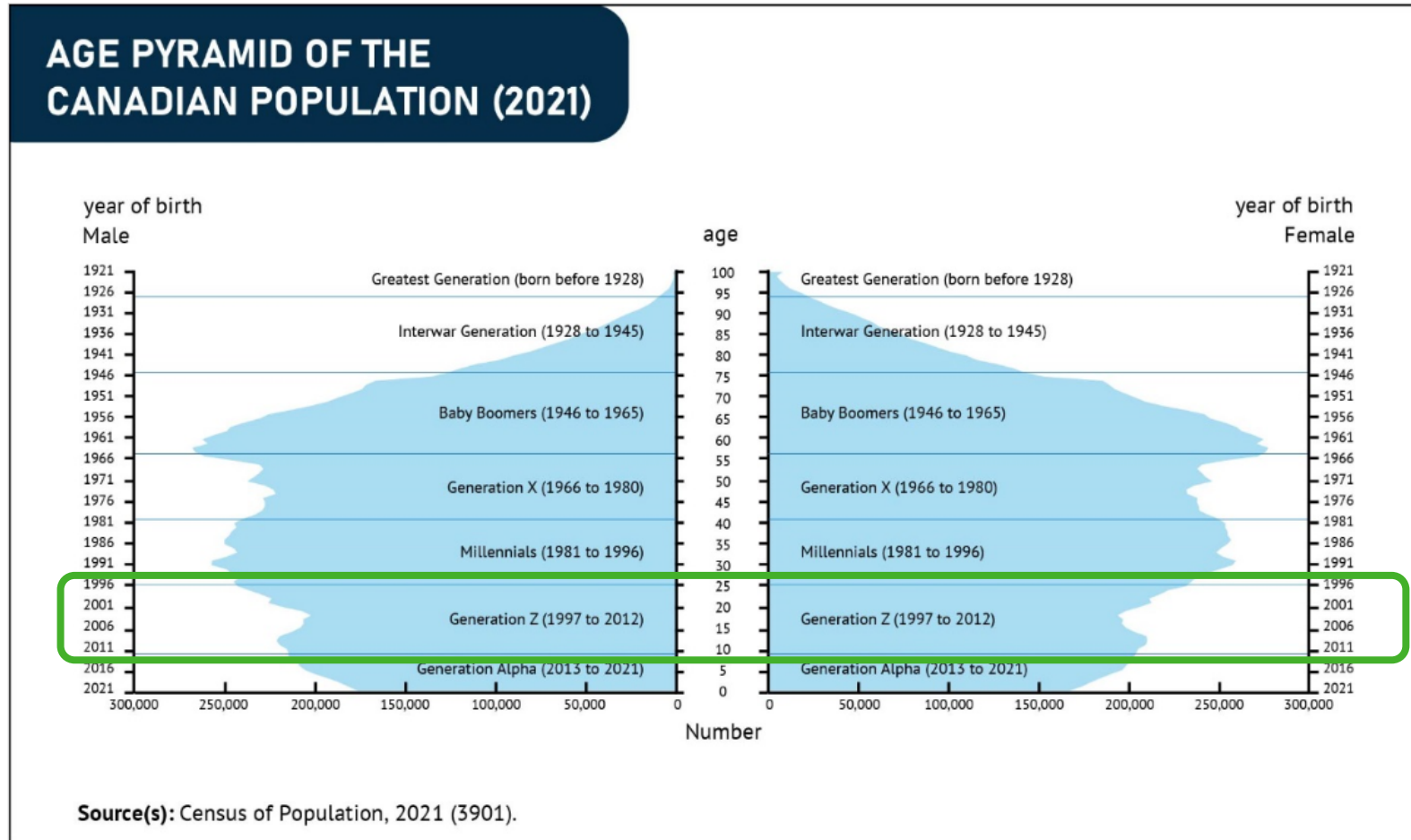
Key characteristics of Generation Z consumers		Hong Kong	Mainland China GBA cities**
	Expect better connection between <b>online and offline</b> channels	76%	86%
	Want to get a swift response to product inquiries on <b>online chat</b> and use <b>tech and AI</b> to help shortlist new products based on purchase history and style	73%	86%
	Will boycott brands without <b>good ethical standards</b>	71%	86%
	Expect <b>augmented reality (AR)</b> to help them make better purchases online	61%	82%
	<b>Mobile-savvy</b>	69%	88%

\*\*Analysis of nine mainland GBA cities: Dongguan, Foshan, Guangzhou, Huizhou, Jiangmen, Shenzhen, Zhaoqing, Zhongshan and Zhuhai  
Source: KPMG, GS1 HK, HSBC Survey Analysis





# Retail's realignment: Generation Z



**Generation Z accounts for approximately 20% of Canada's population**

The number of people in Generation Z, aged 9 to 24, rose 6.4% from 2016 to 6.7 million in 2021. This is the second-fastest population growth of all generations.

# Retail's realignment: Social influencers

**AKA: Key Opinion Leaders**

**\$2 billion sold  
on 2021  
Singles Day**

**Sold 15,000  
Lipsticks in  
5 minutes**

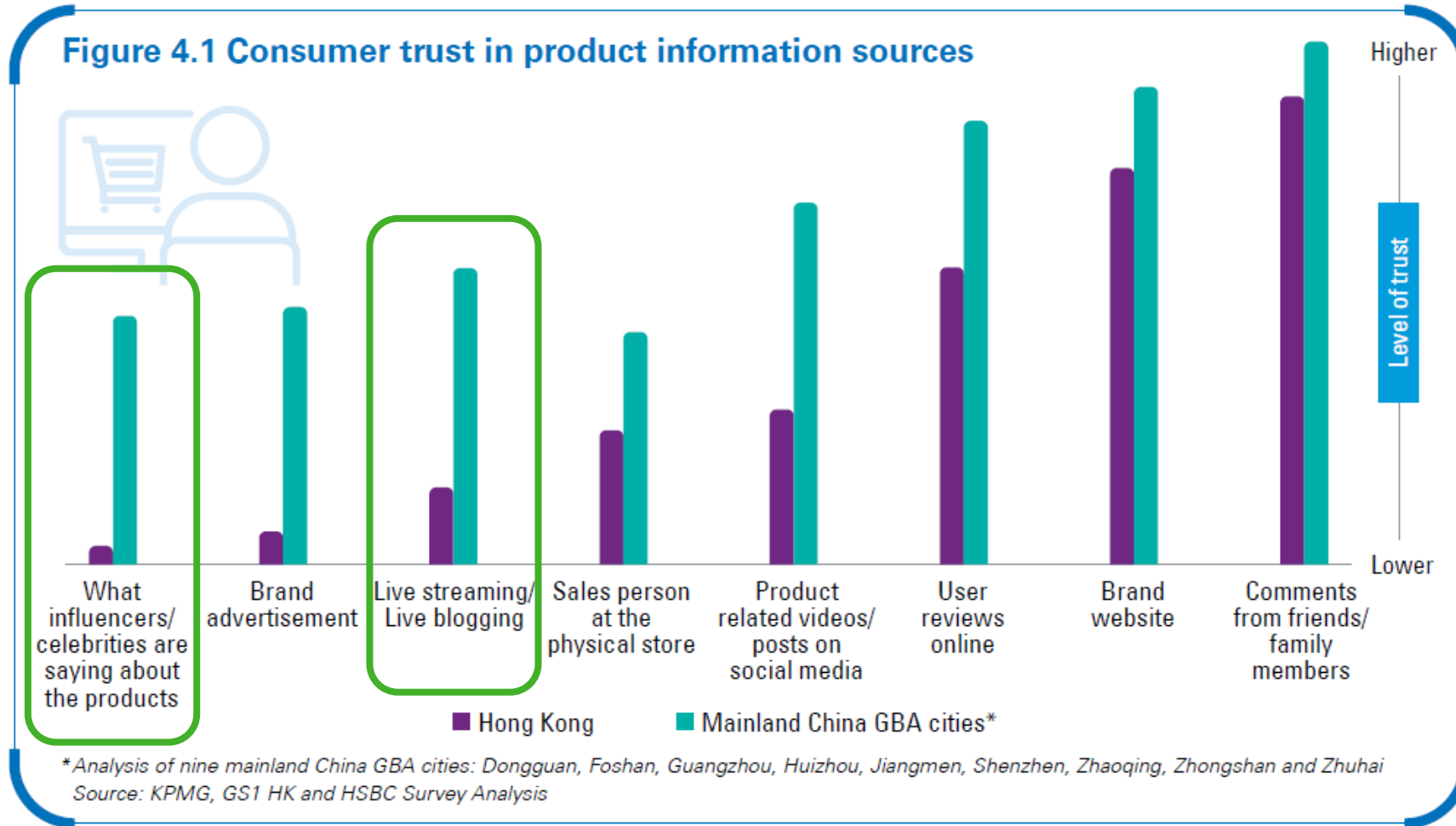
**Projected worth  
\$15 billion by  
2023 [Time]**



Austin Li















# Retail's realignment: Sources of trust



# Retail's realignment

**Figure 3.2 Types of products consumers are more likely to have purchased online during the COVID-19 pandemic, by age segment**

	Hong Kong					Mainland China GBA Cities*				
	Aged 18-24	Aged 25-34	Aged 35-44	Aged 45-54	Aged 55+	Aged 18-24	Aged 25-34	Aged 35-44	Aged 45-54	Aged 55+
 Supermarket food	▼	●	▲	▲	●	●	▲	▼	▼	▲
 Sanitising products (e.g. surgical masks, sanitising gels, gloves, etc)	▼	▲	▲	▲	▼	●	▲	▼	●	●
 Food delivery	●	▲	▲	▲	▼	▲	▲	▼	▼	▼
 Household goods (non-food)	▼	▼	▲	▲	●	▼	▲	●	▼	▼
 Apparel	▲	▲	▲	▼	▼	▲	●	▼	▼	▼
 Skin care or cosmetics products	▲	▼	▲	▼	▼	▲	▲	▼	▼	▼
 Digital devices/gadgets	▲	▼	▲	●	▲	●	●	▲	▼	▼
 Home electrical appliances	▼	▼	▲	▼	▲	▼	▲	▲	▼	▲
 Sportswear and sporting goods	●	▲	▲	▼	▼	●	●	▼	●	●
 Handbags/accessories	▲	▲	▲	▼	▼	▲	●	●	▼	▼
 Insurance or banking products/services	▼	▲	▲	●	▼	▼	●	▲	●	▲
 Furniture	●	▼	▲	●	●	▼	●	▲	▼	▼

▲ More likely to purchase (% of purchasers ≥ consumer average + 2%)

● Average chance of purchasing (% of purchasers is within 0-1% of consumer average)

▼ Lower chance of purchasing (% of purchasers ≤ consumer average - 2%)

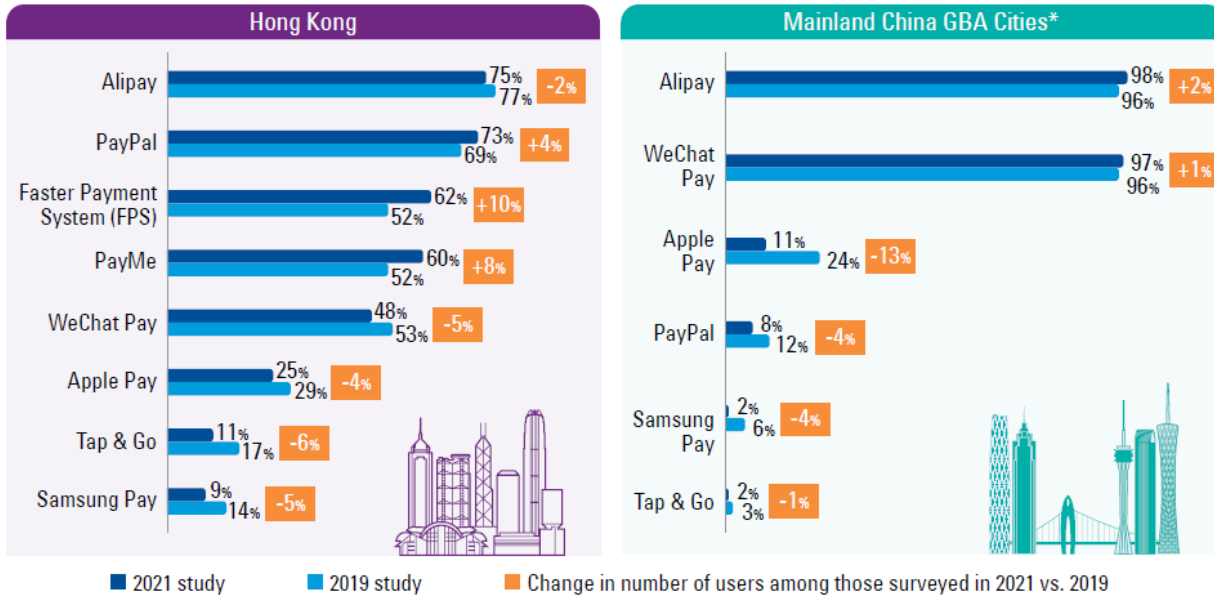
\* Analysis of nine mainland China GBA cities: Dongguan, Foshan, Guangzhou, Huizhou, Jiangmen, Shenzhen, Zhaoqing, Zhongshan and Zhuhai

Source: KPMG, GS1 HK and HSBC Survey Analysis

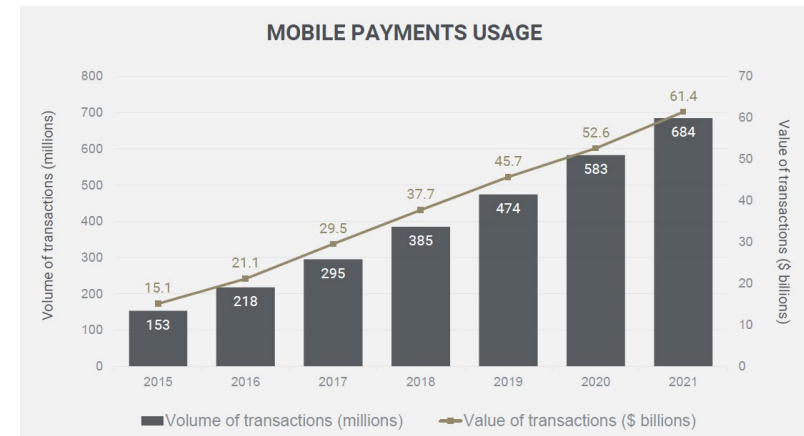
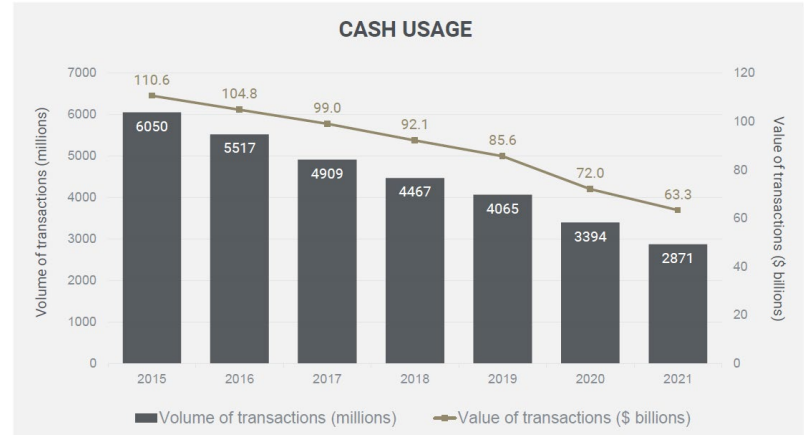


# Retail's realignment: Mobile payments

**Figure 3.3 Digital payment services used in the Hong Kong and mainland China GBA\* markets**

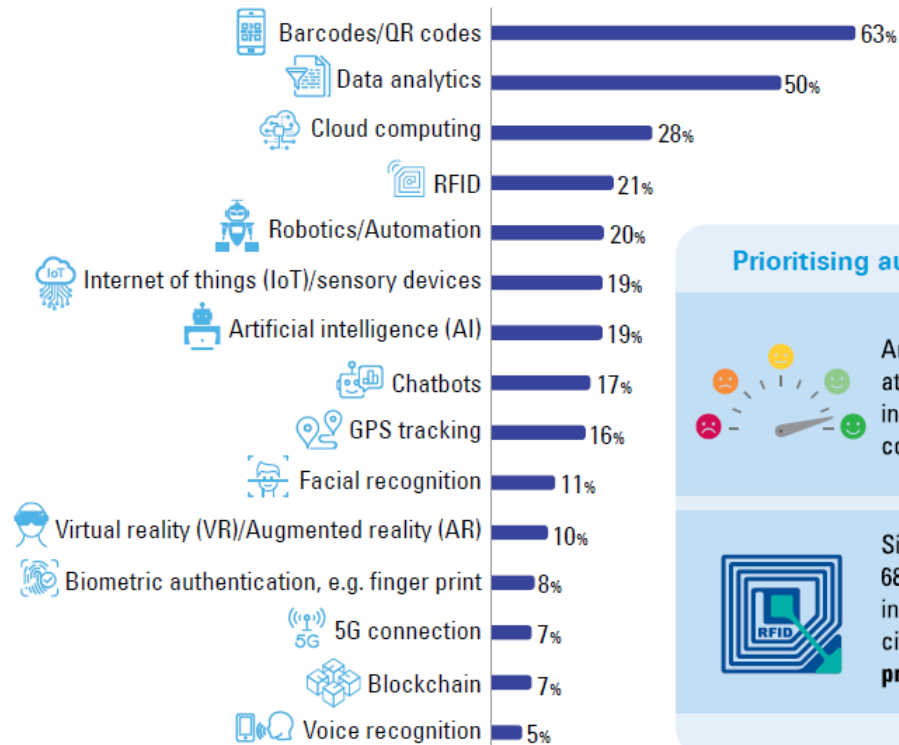


\* Analysis of nine mainland China GBA cities: Dongguan, Foshan, Guangzhou, Huizhou, Jiangmen, Shenzhen, Zhaoqing, Zhongshan and Zhuhai  
Source: KPMG, GS1 HK and HSBC Survey Analysis



# Retail's realignment: Technological influence

Figure 4.3 Digital technologies retailers are currently using in their operations



Source: KPMG, GS1 HK and HSBC Survey Analysis

## Prioritising authenticity and product origin



Authenticity was the **number one** attribute attracting consumers to brands in the current environment, among consumers we surveyed.



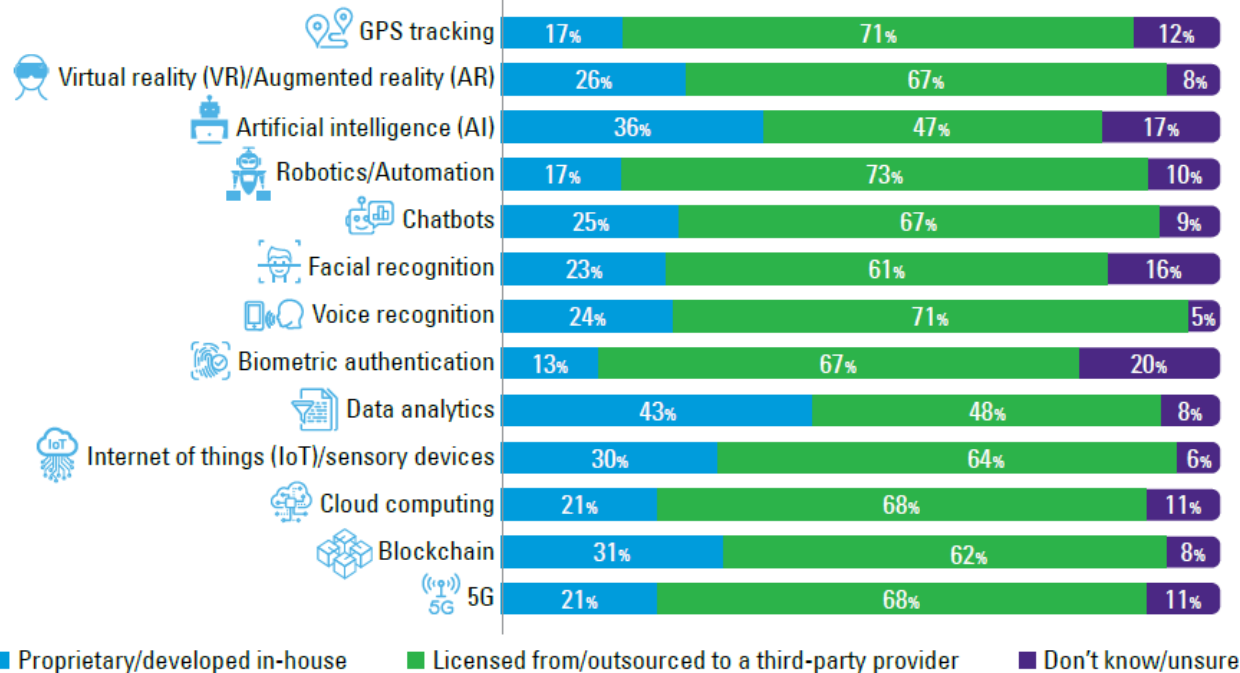
Since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic, 68 percent and 65 percent of consumers in Hong Kong and mainland China GBA cities respectively are **more conscious of product origin and authenticity**



Source: Hema supermarket - Alibaba

# Retail's realignment

Figure 6.2 Development of technology solutions for retail operations



## Top considerations for retailers when partnering with third-party providers



1. Cost



2. Ability to integrate with in-house systems

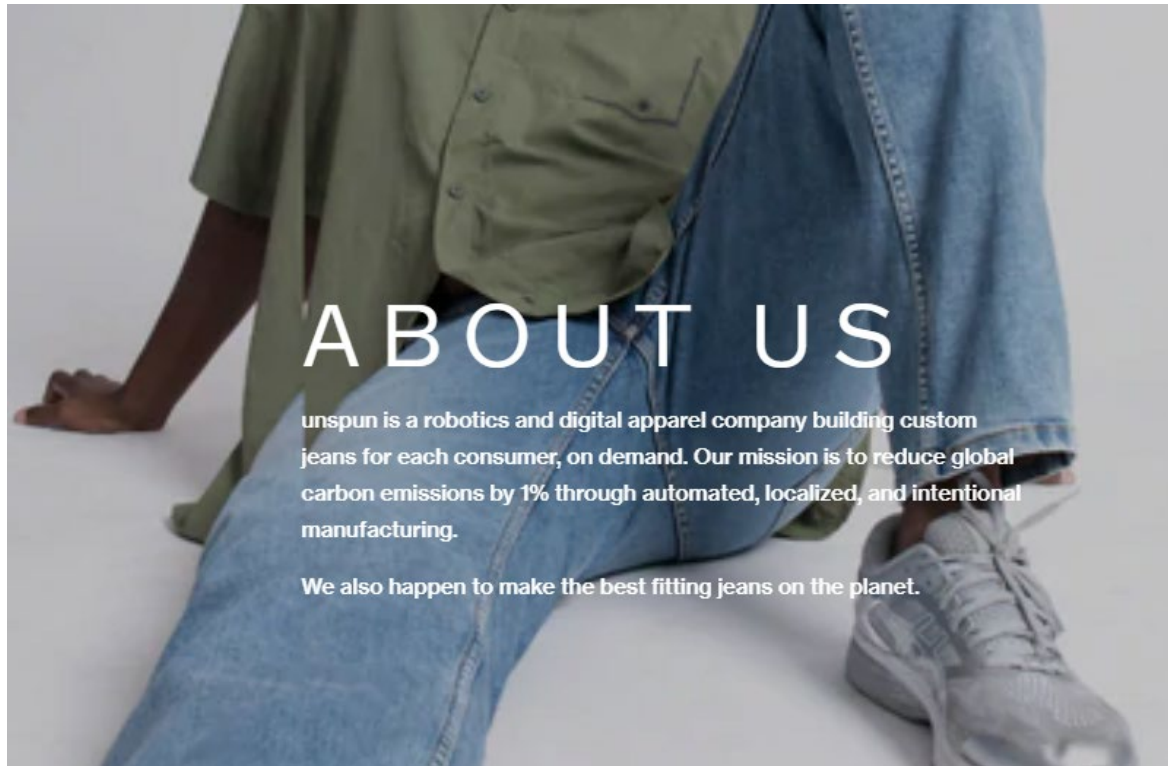


3. Industry expertise

Source: KPMG, GS1 HK and HSBC Survey Analysis



# The rise of startups



Source: unspun



# The rise of startups: Robots



**Source:** Rice Robotics; KEENON Robotics

# NFT trends globally

**NFT sales volume totaled \$24.9 billion in 2021, compared to just \$94.9 million the year before as per DappRadar**

## NRFs



**CryptoPunks**



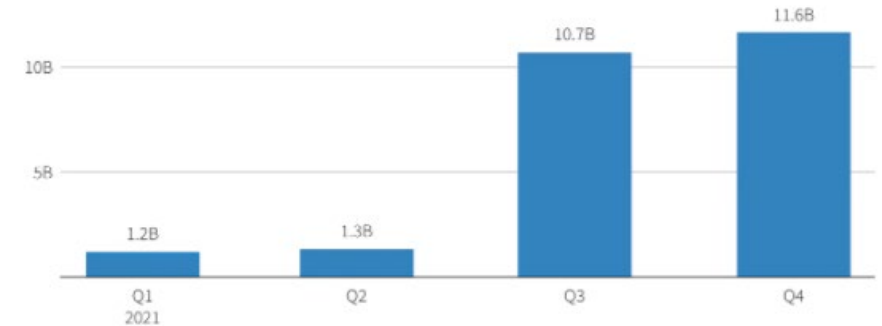
**BAYC**



**Source:** Nike Acquires Fashion and Sneaker NFT Site RTFKT

## NFT sales climb to \$11.6 billion in Q4 - DappRadar

Quarterly non-fungible token sales volumes across multiple blockchains, in U.S. dollars



Note: Data excludes "off-chain" sales.  
Source: DappRadar

## Collectible NFTs are most popular

Number of non-fungible token sales in popular categories in past month



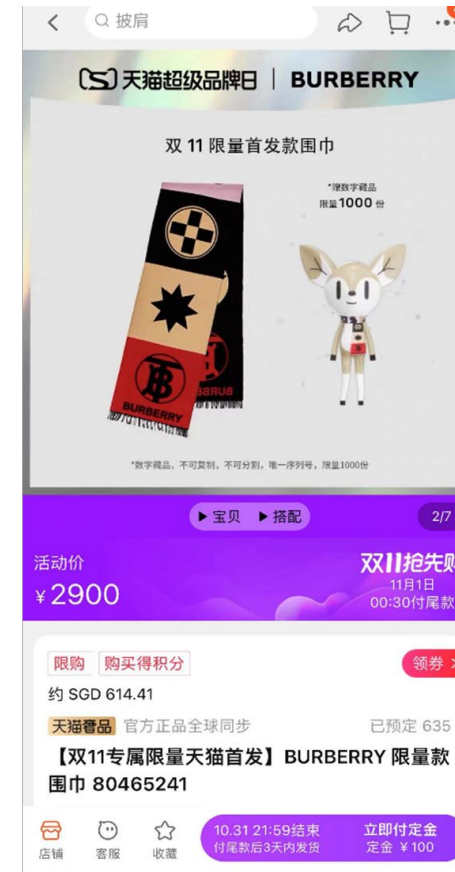
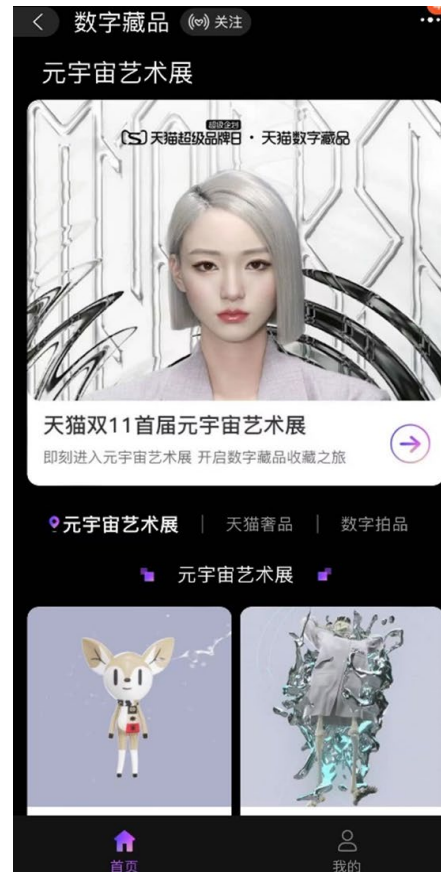
Note: Data for the month up to January 10, 2022. Data only shows transactions on the ethereum blockchain and excludes "off-chain" sales.  
Source: NonFungible.com

Collectible NFTs are most popular

*NFT sales hit \$25 billion in 2021, but growth shows signs of slowing, January 11, 2022*

# NFTs: Digital collectibles are status symbols for the new generation of consumers

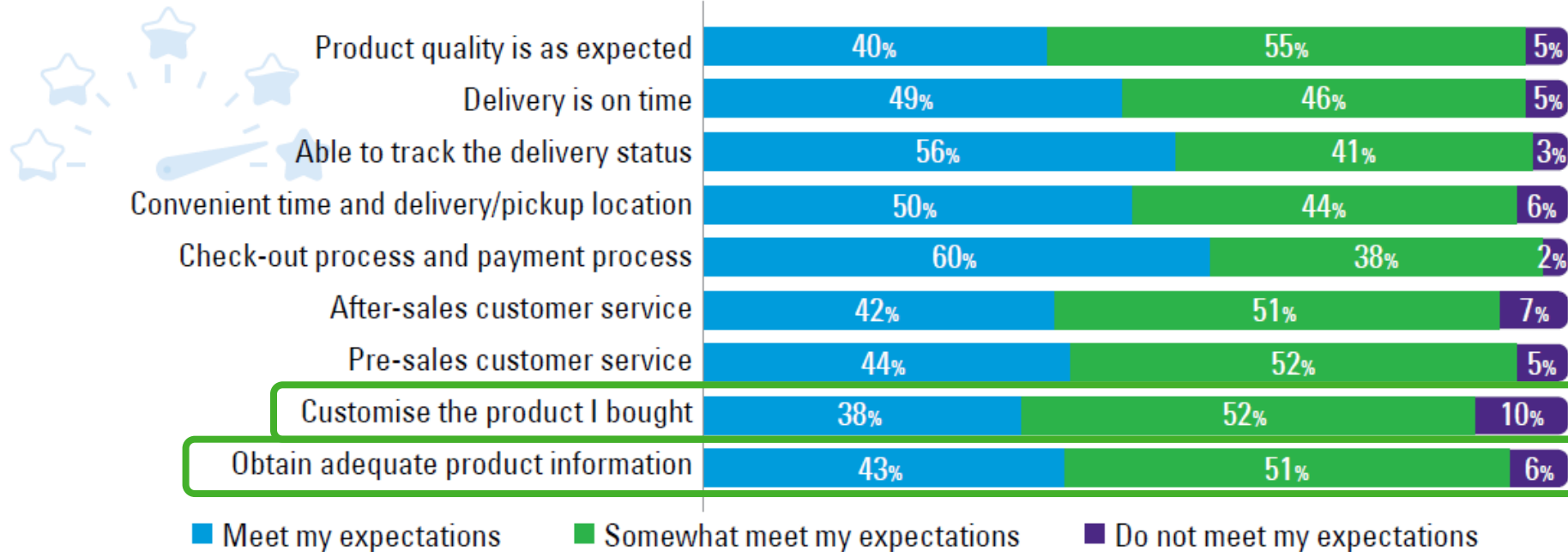
Among Chinese consumers, the ownership of an NFT is not to make money, but a status symbol for the new generation of Chinese who are well-versed in technology with an appreciation for the arts – valuing experiences and intangibles over the materialistic goods they are known for.





# Retail's realignment

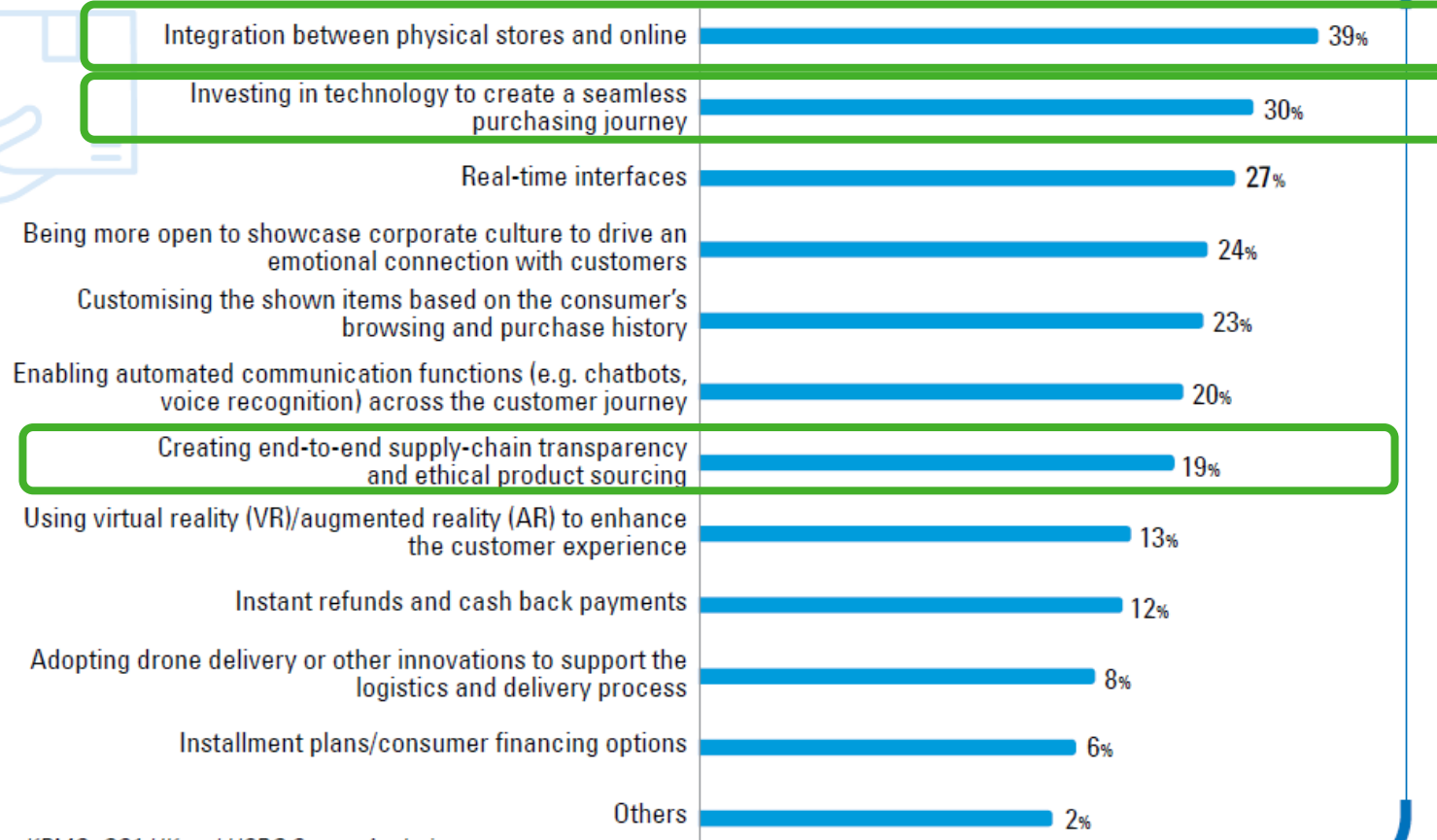
**Figure 5.1: Consumer views on how brands meet their expectations**



Source: KPMG, GS1 HK and HSBC Survey Analysis

# Retail's realignment

Figure 5.2 Current retailer actions to enhance customer experience

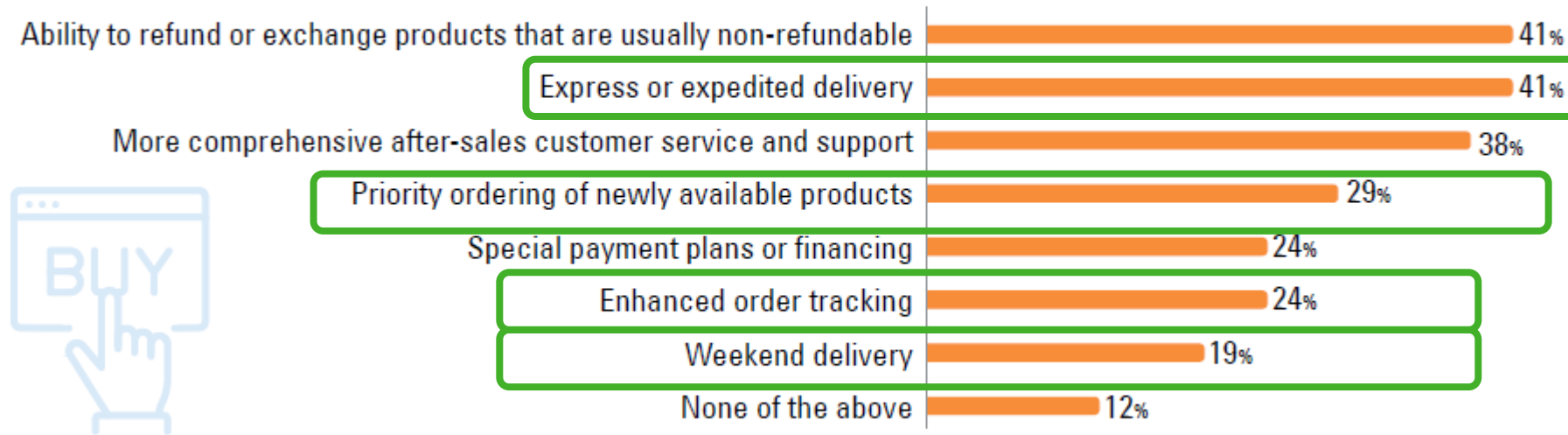


Source: KPMG, GS1 HK and HSBC Survey Analysis

# #supplychain

# Retail's realignment

**Figure 5.3 Services consumers are willing to pay a premium for**



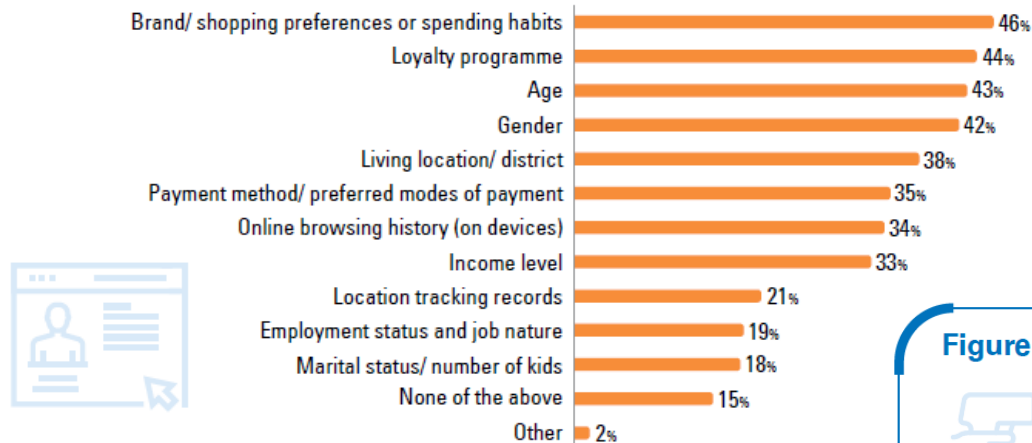
Source: KPMG, GS1 HK and HSBC Survey Analysis

## #supplychain



# Retail's realignment: Give data a seat at the boardroom table

Figure 5.5: Consumer data retailers are collecting



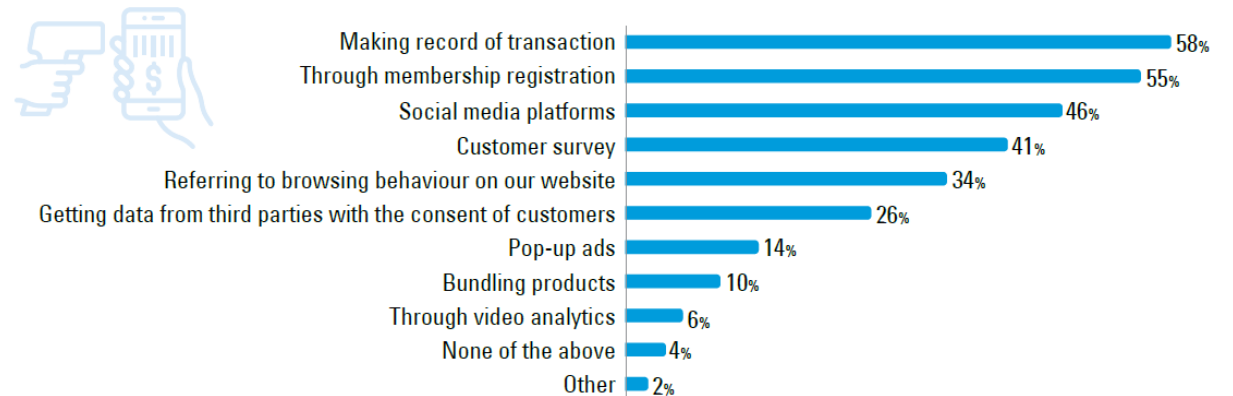
Source: KPMG, GS1 HK and HSBC Survey Analysis

Trove of microdata increasingly helping influence retailer decisions



URL: <https://bit.ly/3t7Aa1r>

Figure 5.6: How retailers capture customer data



Source: KPMG, GS1 HK and HSBC Survey Analysis

# Data deja vu

## Retailers' top five reasons for not implementing comprehensive data analytics



1. Lack of available talent



2. High investment cost



3. Cannot see significant benefits



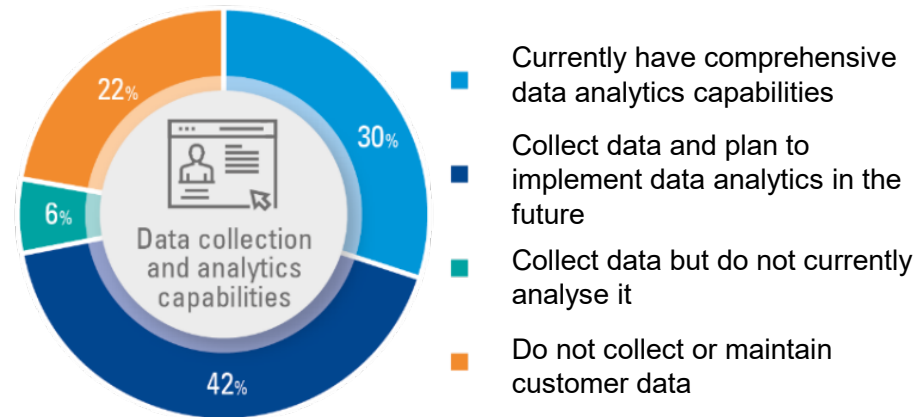
4. Only a small amount of data available



5. Don't know how to make use of the data

...And it continued in 2021 after waging against the pandemic for more than two years

## Retailers' current data analytics capabilities



Source: KPMG and GS1 HK survey analysis, *Retail's Realignment*, 2021

# Growing demand for talent amid digitalization

## Retailers' key challenges



### Key challenges



Seamless data integration across multiple channels and platforms



Training and upskilling existing staff to build a future-ready workforce



Developing an omnichannel digital retail strategy



Lack of clarity about which technologies will deliver the greatest return



Digital capital expenditure



### Key talent shortage areas



IT systems and support



Sales, marketing and communications



Data analytics



Business innovation



R&D and product development



Source: KPMG, GS1 HK and HSBC Survey Analysis

As more complex digital channels and new technologies are deployed, retailers see an increasing need to source more tech talents and upskill + reskill staff

**Brands are waking up  
and starting to make  
an effort in the quest  
for sustainability**



# ESG megatrends in the retail industry



## Circular Economy

*Businesses adopting circular models benefit from less waste, innovation, and stronger customer relationships*



## Supply Chain Transparency

*Supply chain transparency nurtures consumers' trust by responding to growing expectations for sustainable and fair products and*



## Decarbonization

*Aside from carbon neutrality, some organisations are going even further by aiming to be climate positive*



## Engaging the workforce in climate action

*Harnessing the goodwill of your workforce through social norms to support net zero ambitions*

**Increasing standards for Social License to Operate (SLO)**

# What are executives telling us?



## Tailor products, services and marketing for Gen Z and other age groups



**Carsten Brenker**  
Managing Director of  
Jebsen Consumer,  
Jebsen Group



Everything is tribal now...you have to find a specific way to reach each group of people, whether offline or online.



**Jessie Qian**  
Country Sector Head,  
Consumer & Retail,  
KPMG China



Generation Z consumers are the influencers for other generations, including millennials who want to feel young and active, and parents and grandparents who will make purchases for their Gen Z children and grandchildren.

# What are executives telling us?



## Adapt O2O strategy to reflect the changing roles of physical and online retail channels



**Thomas Woo**  
President,  
city'super



it is hard to replicate an instore experience online, I see online and offline complementing each other. Customers can experience our products digitally, which can encourage them to come to get the full experience at our physical stores.



**Plato Wai**  
General Manager,  
SHOPLINE



We think physical retail will come back and it will be much better than what we see now, but at the same time consumers now realise how easy it is to shop online. The role of the physical shop will shift more towards experience and engagement.



# What are executives telling us?



## Harness technology to meet consumer expectations for experience and product authenticity



**Keen Yim**  
VP of Brand & Community,  
Lululemon Asia Pacific



We are building out an ecommerce presence in all of our key markets including Hong Kong and also setting up the foundations of our data platform so that we have an ongoing understanding of our guests' behavior and can actively build a relationship with them. If you look at where brands and digital culture are heading, there is increasing transparency.



**Anson Bailey**  
Head of Consumer Markets, ASPAC  
Head of Technology, Media &  
Telecoms, Hong Kong,  
KPMG



We are seeing a perfect storm emerge with investors, bankers, regulators and consumers all calling out for brands and retail groups to become more purpose-led and demonstrate both their societal and green credentials in the communities that we live and work in.



**Anna Lin**  
Chief Executive  
GS1 Hong Kong



Pandemic induced supply chain disruptions have triggered businesses to enhance supply chain transparency and flexibility. Companies that have digitised their supply chains and invested in ecommerce capabilities are better able to serve the needs of their customers.

# What are executives telling us?



**Align data collection practices with analytics capabilities while recognising consumer preferences**



**Randy Lai**  
CEO,  
McDonald's Hong Kong



Digitalisation not only allows us to expand our customer touchpoints and provides enhanced services such as mobile ordering and delivery, but it also helps us better understand customer purchase behaviour through machine learning, to keep customers informed of our new product developments and personalised offers.



**Ricky Wong**  
Vice Chairman and Group Chief  
Executive Officer,  
HKTVmall



Every company thinks differently and you cannot use the same formula for every product. That's why I open up this data for the public to use.

# Retail's realignment: Preferred e-commerce platforms



## Appendix 1: Consumers' preferred e-commerce platforms (Apparel and fashion sector)

Hong Kong – all consumers	Hong Kong – Generation Z*	Mainland China GBA** – all consumers	Mainland China GBA** – Generation Z*
1 Taobao 49%	1 Taobao 46%	1 Taobao 74%	1 Taobao 86%
2 HKTVmall 43%	2 HKTVmall 38%	2 Tmall 51%	2 Tmall 43%
3 Tmall 21%	3 Large online retailer 20%	3 JD.com 48%	3 JD.com 40%
4 Large online retailer 16%	4 Tmall 17%	4 Pinduoduo 26%	4 Pinduoduo 33%
5 Website/platform of department store also running physical retail chain 14%	5 Zalora 14%	5 WeChat 18%	5 WeChat 20%
6 Zalora 11%	6 Website/platform of department store also running physical retail chain 11%	6 Douyin 9%	6 Alibaba.com 9%
7 WeChat 8%	7 Only via company's own website/platform 7%	7 Alibaba.com 9%	7 Xiaohongshu 8%
8 eBay 7%	8 SHEIN 5%	8 Xiaohongshu 7%	8 Douyin 6%
9 Rakuten 6%	9 eBay 4%	9 Large online retailer 5%	9 Website/platform of department store also running physical retail chain 5%
10 Only via company's own website/platform 4%	10 WeChat 4%	10 Website/platform of department store also running physical retail chain 4%	10 Large online retailer 3%
11 ASOS 4%	11 Rakuten 4%	11 Kuaishou 4%	11 Kuaishou 2%
12 SHEIN 3%	12 ASOS 3%	12 SHEIN 1%	12 SHEIN 1%
13 Yoox Net-a-Porter (YNAP) 2%	13 Yoox Net-a-Porter (YNAP) 2%	13 Shopbop 1%	13 Goxip 1%
14 Goxip 1%	14 Shopbop 2%	14 Yoox Net-a-Porter (YNAP) 1%	14 Shopbop 1%
15 Shopbop 1%	15 Goxip 2%	15 Goxip 1%	15 Yoox Net-a-Porter (YNAP) 1%
Don't use e-commerce platforms: 10%	Don't use e-commerce platforms: 7%	Don't use e-commerce platforms: 1%	Don't use e-commerce platforms: 1%

\*"Generation Z" sample is defined as consumers aged 18 to 24 at the time of the survey

\*\*Analysis of nine mainland China GBA cities: Dongguan, Foshan, Guangzhou, Huizhou, Jiangmen, Shenzhen, Zhaoqing, Zhongshan and Zhuhai



## Appendix 2: Consumers' preferred e-commerce platforms (Food and beverage sector)

Hong Kong – all consumers	Hong Kong – Generation Z*	Mainland China GBA** – all consumers	Mainland China GBA** – Generation Z*
1 HKTVmall 50%	1 HKTVmall 35%	1 Taobao 60%	1 Taobao 75%
2 Website/platform of supermarket which running physical retail chain 19%	2 Taobao 19%	2 Tmall 50%	2 Tmall 41%
3 Taobao 17%	3 Large online retailer 14%	3 JD.com 42%	3 JD.com 33%
4 Website/platform of department store also running physical retail chain 13%	4 Website/platform of supermarket also running physical retail chain 12%	4 Pinduoduo 20%	4 Pinduoduo 28%
5 iHerb 10%	5 iHerb 10%	5 WeChat 13%	5 WeChat 12%
6 Ztore 10%	6 Tmall 10%	6 Freshippo 10%	6 Website/platform of supermarket also running physical retail chain 11%
7 Tmall 8%	7 Website/platform of department store also running physical retail chain 8%	7 Website/platform of supermarket also running physical retail chain 9%	7 Website/platform of department store also running physical retail chain 8%
8 Large online retailer 7%	8 Ztore 6%	8 Sunning 8%	8 Freshippo 6%
9 eBay 5%	9 eBay 6%	9 Website/platform of department store also running physical retail chain 7%	9 Sunning 5%
10 WeChat 5%	10 WeChat 4%	10 Large online retailer 5%	10 Large online retailer 4%
11 Only via company's own website/platform 3%	11 Only via company's own website/platform 3%	11 Yihaodian 4%	11 Yihaodian 2%
12 Foodwise 1%	12 Foodwise 2%	12 iHerb 2%	12 iHerb 1%
Don't use e-commerce platforms: 18%	Don't use e-commerce platforms: 25%	Don't use e-commerce platforms: 2%	Don't use e-commerce platforms: 2%

\*"Generation Z" sample is defined as consumers aged 18 to 24 at the time of the survey

\*\*Analysis of nine mainland China GBA cities: Dongguan, Foshan, Guangzhou, Huizhou, Jiangmen, Shenzhen, Zhaoqing, Zhongshan and Zhuhai

# Retail's realignment: Preferred e-commerce platforms (contd.)



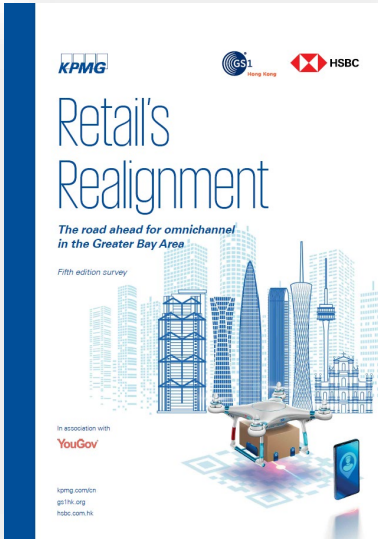
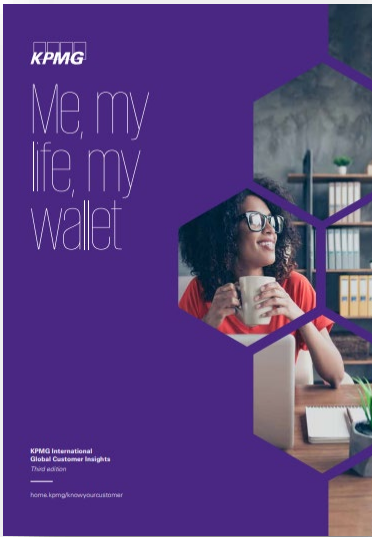
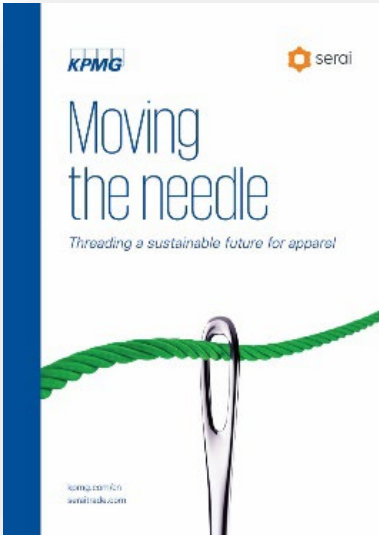
## Appendix 3: Consumers' preferred e-commerce platforms (Beauty and wellness sector)

Hong Kong – all consumers	Hong Kong – Generation Z*	Mainland China GBA** – all consumers	Mainland China GBA** – Generation Z*
1 HKTVmall 39%	1 HKTVmall 32%	1 Taobao 53%	1 Taobao 70%
2 Website/platform of department store also running physical retail chain 19%	2 Taobao 20%	2 Tmall 47%	2 Tmall 37%
3 Taobao 15%	3 Website/platform of department store also running physical retail chain 15%	3 JD.com 39%	3 JD.com 29%
4 Only via company's own website/platform 7%	4 Only via company's own website/platform 12%	4 Pinduoduo 13%	4 Xiaohongshu 15%
5 Tmall 7%	5 Large online retailer 11%	5 WeChat 11%	5 WeChat 12%
6 Large online retailer 7%	6 Gmarket 9%	6 Xiaohongshu 10%	6 Pinduoduo 12%
7 eBay 7%	7 Tmall 9%	7 Website/platform of department store also running physical retail chain 8%	7 Website/platform of department store also running physical retail chain 8%
8 Gmarket 6%	8 Strawberrynet 5%	8 Sunning 8%	8 Douyin 5%
9 WeChat 5%	9 eBay 5%	9 Douyin 8%	9 Sunning 4%
10 Strawberrynet 4%	10 JD.com 5%	10 Kuaishou 6%	10 Kuaishou 3%
11 JD.com 4%	11 WeChat 2%	11 Large online retailer 5%	11 Large online retailer 1%
		12 Only via company's own website/platform 2%	12 Only via company's own website/platform 1%
		13 Strawberrynet 1%	13 Strawberrynet 1%
Don't use e-commerce platforms: 26%	Don't use e-commerce platforms: 22%	Don't use e-commerce platforms: 3%	Don't use e-commerce platforms: 3%

\* "Generation Z" sample is defined as consumers aged 18 to 24 at the time of the survey

\*\* Analysis of nine mainland China GBA cities: Dongguan, Foshan, Guangzhou, Huizhou, Jiangmen, Shenzhen, Zhaoqing, Zhongshan and Zhuhai

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