

Retail Resilience: Workforce Optimization Amid Rising Wages and Economic Uncertainty

RCC Store Conference

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Agenda

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- How to Manage Costs and Improve Efficiency with Ongoing Minimum Wage Changes



Introductions



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Total Rewards and Changing Employee Priorities

Perfect storm of issues have impacted hourly workers











Erosion of Purchasing Power

Economic Volatility

Labor Shortages Rapid Technological Adoption

Unequal Access to Flexibility

Driven by inflation and the rising cost of living, hourly wages are failing to keep pace, leading to financial strain. Instability in the economy has resulted in fluctuating job security, leaving workers anxious about their employment status.

Ongoing labor shortages have led to longer hours, understaffed workplaces, and increasingly hostile environments for front-line workers.

The swift integration of new technologies has occurred with minimal training and support, leaving workers feeling overwhelmed and unprepared.

Disparities in flexible work arrangements have created inequities, with many hourly workers struggling to balance work and personal commitments.

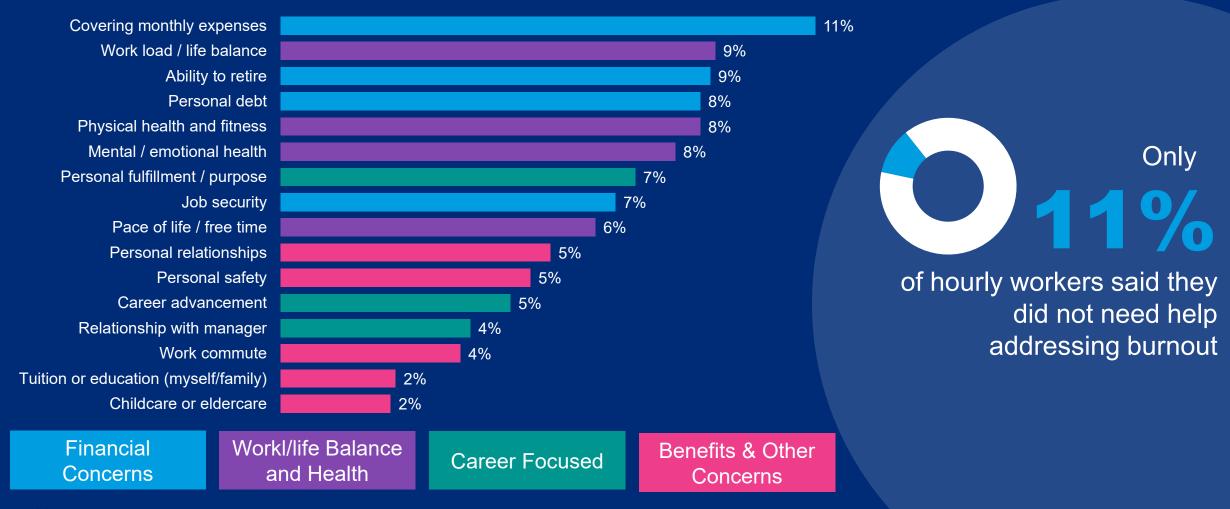
Compensation continues critical, but organizations are looking to truly differentiate themselves with Purpose

Flexibility for all employees, even on-site or in-store, is a key component of the total rewards offering



Hourly and front-line workers need a better way to manage burnout

What's keeping Retail industry workers up at night?



In Canada, Pay Transparency is here

Province	Status	Asking applicants about salary history	Including salary ranges on job postings	Penalizing salary discussions
Prince Edward Island	Legislation adopted	Prohibited	Required	Prohibited
Nova Scotia	Legislation proposed	Prohibited	Required	Prohibited
Newfoundland and Labrador	Legislation adopted	Prohibited	Required	Prohibited
British Columbia	Legislation adopted	Prohibited	Required	Prohibited
Ontario	Legislation adopted		Required as of Jan 1, 2026	Prohibited
Manitoba	Legislation rejected twice	Prohibited	Required	Prohibited

In the last two years, five of ten provinces have legislated or plan to introduce new requirements for salary disclosure.

And that's not all legislation is expanding to
include disclosure on use
of Al in hiring process in
some provinces as well.

Define your approach to transparency

Move Comply with **Prepare** beyond legislation compliance We don't have We share Transparency is internally and/or part of our talent pay ranges. externally where and rewards required. strategies.



Share foundational frameworks

- Compensation philosophy and policies
- Job architecture/career levels
- Pay equity commitments and gaps



Share pay ranges

- Share employees' current range
- Share all job pay ranges
- Share ranges for all job postings



Share pay positioning

- Employee pay positioning
- Organization/team pay positioning



Full transparency

Share all salaries internally or externally

SO Mercer

Employers must achieve differentiation, but how?

Get to the heart of the issues

Don't let Total Rewards become a band aid for underlying problems best addressed elsewhere. Utilize data-driven insights and take a holistic approach to ensure needs are being met.

Lead with listening

Differentiation and innovation is driven through identifying the unmet needs of your customers – start here, then utilize benchmarking to inform and build the case for change.

Identify where you can shine

Sustainable differentiation requires focus. Target your strategy to critical workforce segments and rewards elements that will deliver the greatest value.

Engage for impact

Deliver a compelling Total Rewards experience through effective campaigns and digital tools that make it easy and accessible.



How to differentiate your total rewards offerings



Compensation

- Introduce non-cash incentives such as additional PTO or flexible scheduling options to improve worklife balance
- Introduce more performance-based incentives to recognize and reward top performing employees
- Offer generous employee discounts on products and services, extended to family members



Benefits

- Conduct regular assessments / listening sessions to ensure benefits meet the diverse needs of employees
- Offer a wider range of benefits, like employee scholarships, subsidized fitness club memberships, virtual healthcare options, financial and tax counselling, etc.
- Structured recognition program that includes meaningful rewards and public acknowledgement



- Offer/enhance mentorship programs to support career advancement and skill development
- Train managers in effective communication and mandate regular feedback sessions
- Foster a culture of inclusion by implementing training programs, employee resource groups, and promoting fair hiring practices



How to Manage Costs and Improve Efficiency with Ongoing Minimum Wage Changes

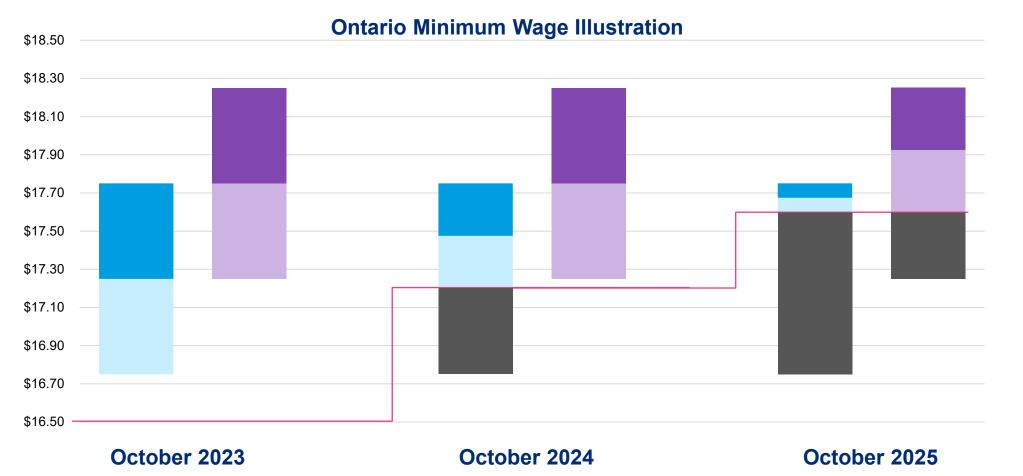


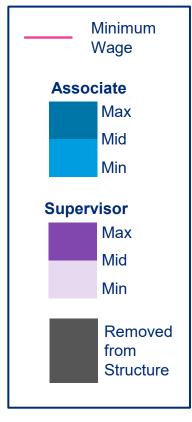
With minimum wages rising, hourly compensation costs continue to increase

Province / Territory	Current Minimum Wage	Effective Date	\$ Change since 2023	Announced 2025 Increases
Alberta	\$15.00	October 1, 2018		
British Columbia	\$17.85	June 1, 2025	▲ \$1.10 <i>(7%)</i>	Changed June
Manitoba	\$15.80	October 1, 2024	▲ \$0.50 <i>(3%)</i>	\$16.00 effective Oct
New Brunswick	\$15.65	April 1, 2025	▲ \$0.90 <i>(6%)</i>	Changed April
Newfoundland & Labrador	\$16.00	April 1, 2025	▲ \$1.00 <i>(7%)</i>	Changed April
Northwest Territories	\$16.70	September 1, 2024	▲ \$0.65 <i>(4%)</i>	
Nova Scotia	\$15.70	April 1, 2024	▲ \$0.70 <i>(5%)</i>	\$16.50 effective Oct
Nunavut	\$19.00	January 1, 2024	▲ \$3.00 <i>(19%)</i>	
Ontario	\$17.20	October 1, 2024	▲ \$0.65 <i>(4%)</i>	\$17.60 effective Oct
Prince Edward Island	\$16.00	October 1, 2024	▲ \$0.60 <i>(4%)</i>	\$16.50 effective Oct
Quebec	\$16.10	May 1, 2025	▲ \$0.85 <i>(6%)</i>	Changed May
Saskatchewan	\$15.00	October 1, 2024	▲ \$1.00 <i>(7%)</i>	
Yukon	\$17.94	April 1, 2025	▲ \$1.17 <i>(7%)</i>	Changed April



Increasing min wages creates compression issues within salary structures





How to react to minimum wage increases

Most Disruptive Least Disruptive 2) Broadband / 4) Incentive/ Recognition 3) Align to Market Rates 1) Maintain Approach **Consolidated Structure Programs** Use incentive to differentiate Increase structure rates to Broaden and simplify Align structure to market pay for tenured & top match min wage increase structure for more flexibility rather than min wage performing employees

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Adjust structure to maintain current approach

As minimum wage increases, **increases must be made to the min – max for all levels** to manage the range width and differences between levels



Use a Broader Structure and Consolidate Levels

By **simplifying and broadening your structure**, less levels are impacted by min wage increases, and allows for more flexibility in salary management

Current Approach

Job Grouping		Job Title	Grade	Min -10%	Mid	Max +10%
		Supervisor – Specialty	015	\$20.25	\$22.50	\$24.75
Supervisor	014	Supervisor – Back	014	\$19.58	\$21.75	\$23.93
		Supervisor – Merch	013	\$18.90	\$21.00	\$23.10
				-5%		5%
		Associate – Specialty	011	\$18.45	\$20.50	\$22.55
Associate 010	Associate – Back	009	\$18.00	\$20.00	\$22.00	
		Associate – Merch	007	\$17.55	\$19.50	\$21.45

New Approach

Min -15%	Mid	Max +15%
\$18.70	\$22.00	\$25.30
-15%		+15%
\$17.20	\$20.00	\$23.00

Align structure to market rates not minimum wage

Set store structure (midpoint) based on market data (with differential for some provinces) protecting structure from Min wage changes

Standard					
Position	Min (-10%)	Mid	Max (+10%)		
Supervisor	\$20.18	\$22.42 (+18%)	\$24.66		
Associate	\$17.10*	\$19.00	\$20.90		

Low (85% of Standard)					
Position	Min (-10%)	Mid	Max (+10%)		
Supervisor	\$17.15	\$19.06	\$20.96		
Associate	\$14.54*	\$16.15	\$17.77		

Ontario Min Wage change Illustrative Example

Ontario 2024	17.20 (-9.5%)	\$19.00	\$20.90 (+10%)
Ontario 2025	17.60 (-8%)	\$19.00	\$20.90 (+10%)

Structure min may need to be adjusted to min wage, but midpoint or max only changes when market supports it

^{*}Minimum for Associate will be equal to provincial minimum wage rates where required



Address through incentive program

Narrow compensation ranges and invest additional compensation spend into pay tied to store and individual performance, rather than tenure or hours worked

Target Quarterly Incentive: \$1,000



Target is multiplied by eligibility factor based on hours worked

Total Performance Factor

Store Revenue \$500 (50% weight)



Individual Performance Rating \$500 (50% weight)

Metric 1: Store Revenue				
% of Goal Payout % Payout \$				
0% - 79%	0%	\$0		
80%	50%	\$250		
100%	100%	\$500		
120%	120%	\$600		
150%	150%	\$750		

Metric 2: Individual Performance				
Rating	Payout % Payout \$			
1	0%	\$0		
2	50%	\$250		
3	100%	\$500		
4	120%	\$600		
5	150%	\$750		



Total Quarterly Incentive

Using the right approach for your organization

Impact	Maintain Approach	Broadband / Consolidated Structure	Align to Market Rates	Incentive/ Recognition Programs
Cost Increase				
Level of Disruption				
Impact by Min Wage Increases				
Prevents Compression				







Questions



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